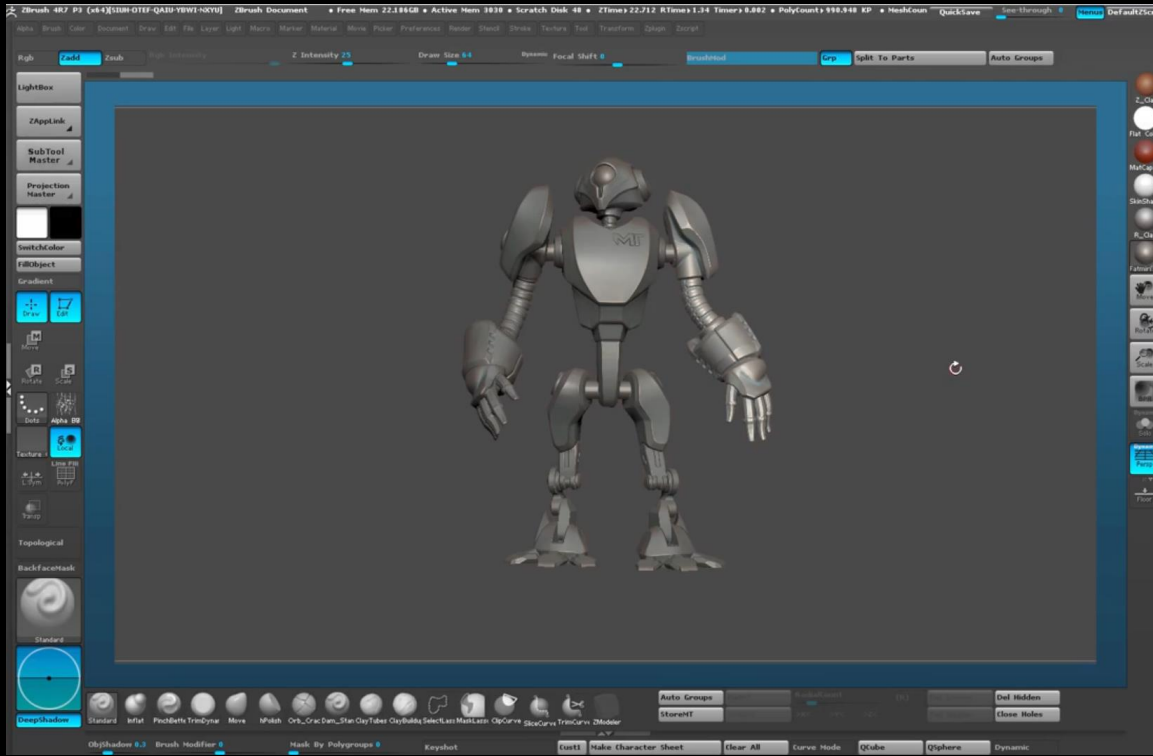
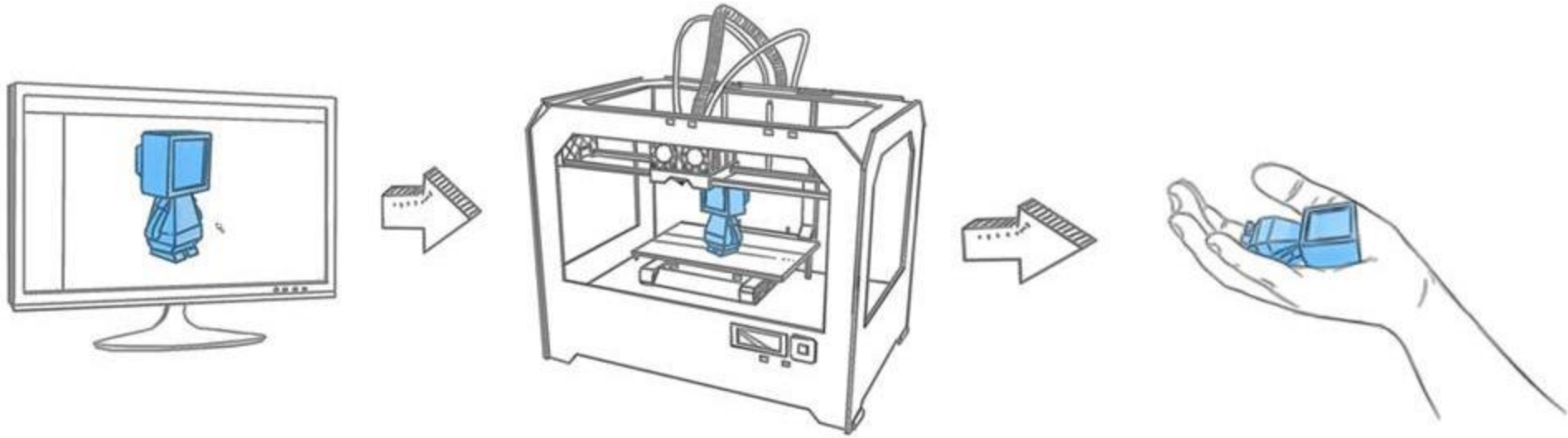


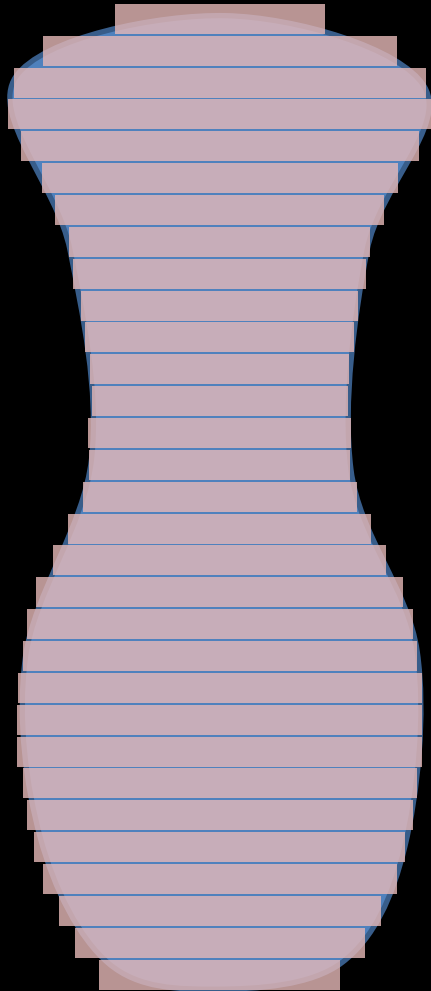
# A brief introduction to 3D Printing technologies

# 3D Printing – From Digital To Real



# What is it and how does it work?





\*layered additive manufacturing

# Slicing and G-Code



Modeling

STL  
→



Slicing

G-Code  
→

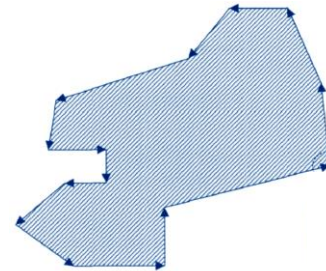
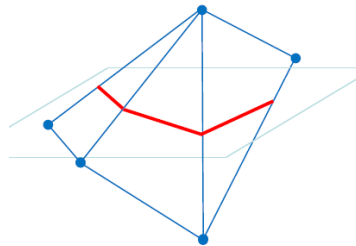
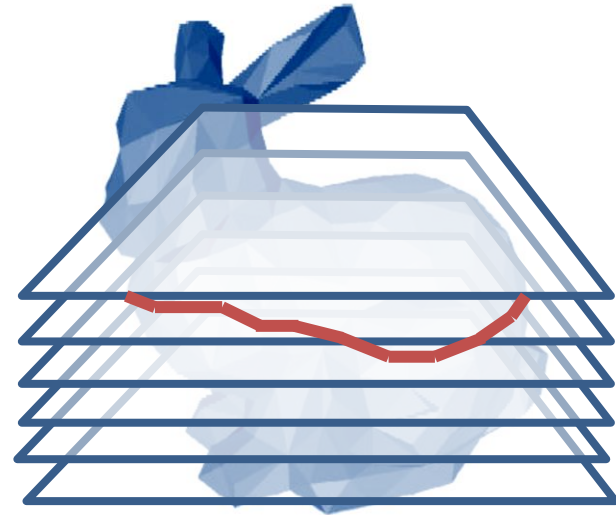


Printing

# Slicing

## Simple algorithm

```
for each z-plane  $\mathbf{p}$   
  for each triangle  $\mathbf{T}$   
    intersect  $\mathbf{T}$  with  $\mathbf{p}$   
    store line segment  
  connect line segments  
  store contours  
generate in-fill
```



# Slicing – In-Fill Structures

**View Mode: Layers**

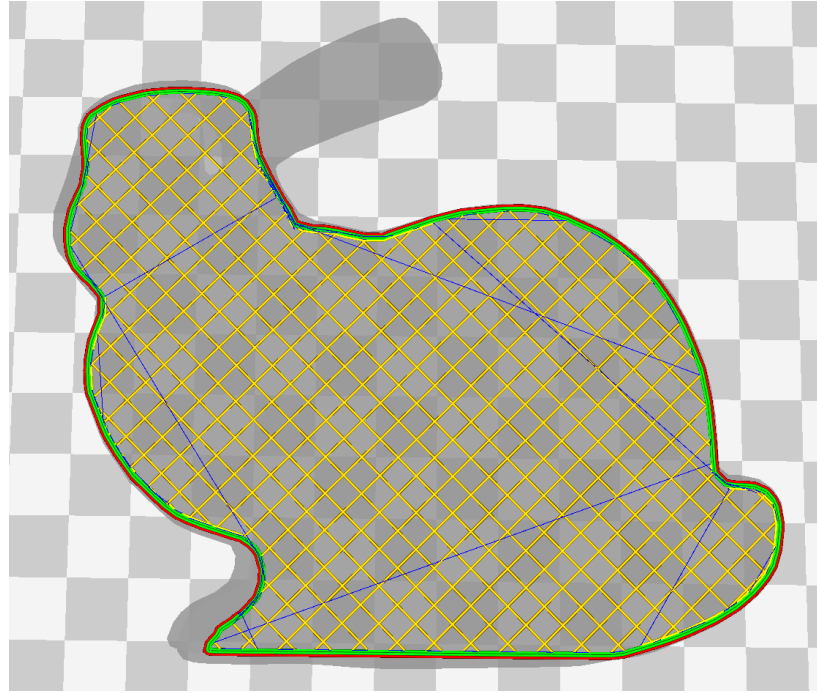

Color scheme

Line Type ▼

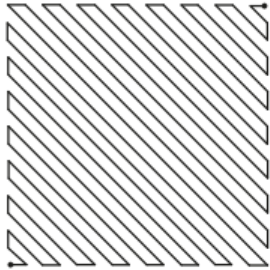
- Show Travels ■
- Show Helpers ■
- Show Shell ■
- Show Infill ■

Top / Bottom ■

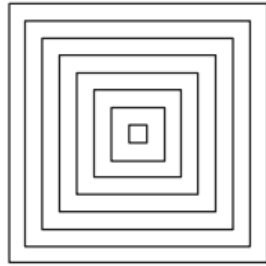
Inner Wall ■



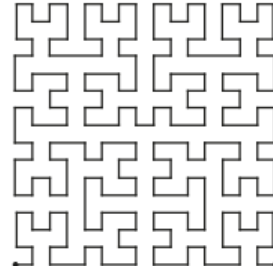
# Slicing – In-Fill Structures



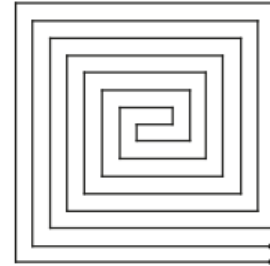
Direction parallel



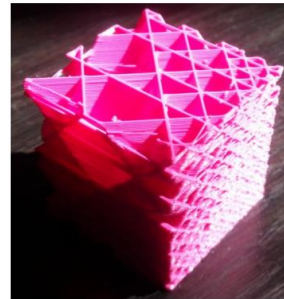
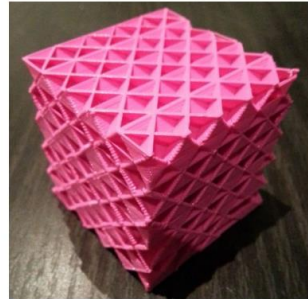
Contour parallel



Hilbert curve



Fermat spiral



Hierarchical rhombic in-fill, <http://sylefeb.blogspot.ca/>



# Slicing – Cura

## Cura Software

Cura prepares your model for 3D printing. For novices, it makes it easy to get great results. For experts, there are over 200 settings to adjust to your needs. As it's open source, our community helps enrich it even more.

Windows  
Cura 2.7  
(64)

Download for free

[View the Cura manual](#)

[View all versions](#)

[Release notes](#)

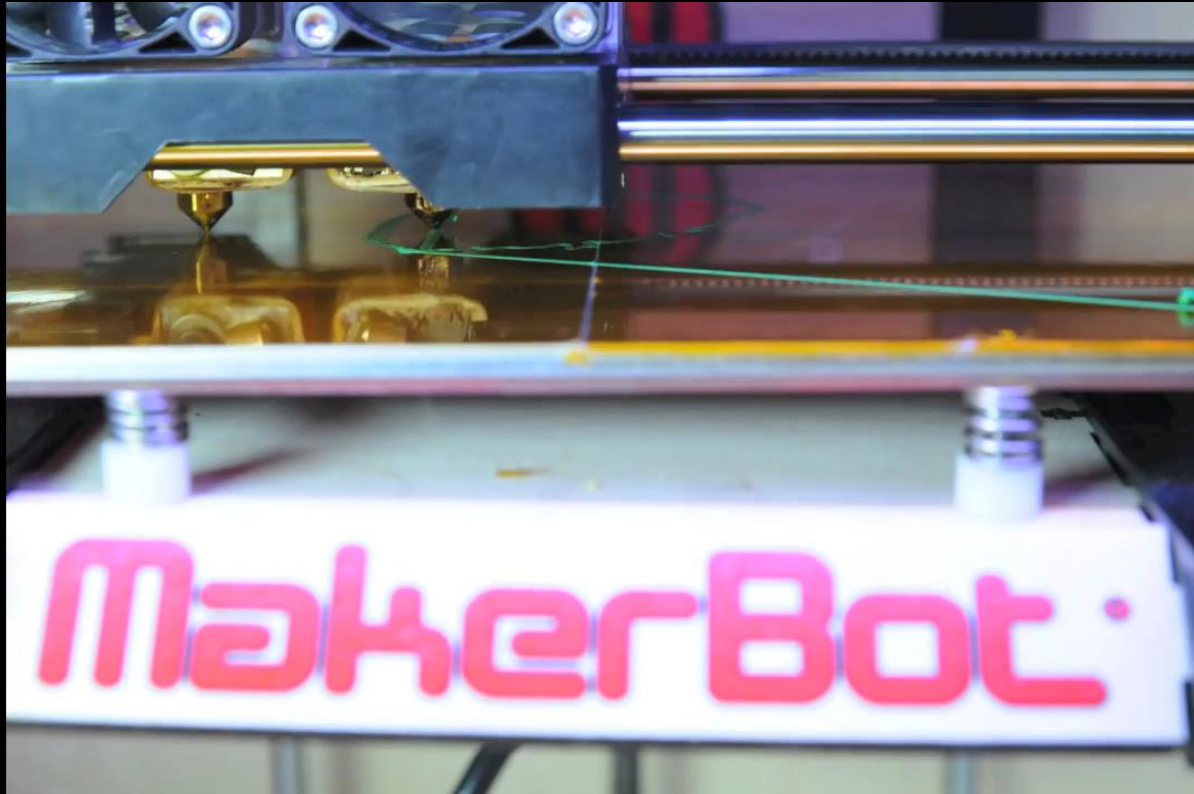


<https://ultimaker.com/en/products/cura-software>

# An Example



# An Example



# 3D Printing: how it started



- Chuck Hull, father of 3D Printing
- Came up with the idea in 1983 while using UV light to harden tabletop coatings.
- Developed many of the concepts and processes still in use today
- First commercial 3D printing system in 1989

Good Morning America (1989)

# 3D Printing today



**From Rapid Prototyping to Direct Manufacturing**

# 3D Printing today



**From Industrial Equipment to Home Use**

# 3D Printing – why all the excitement?

- complexity is for free
- Monolithic fabrication of multi-material objects
- best option for one-off's
- empowers new designers

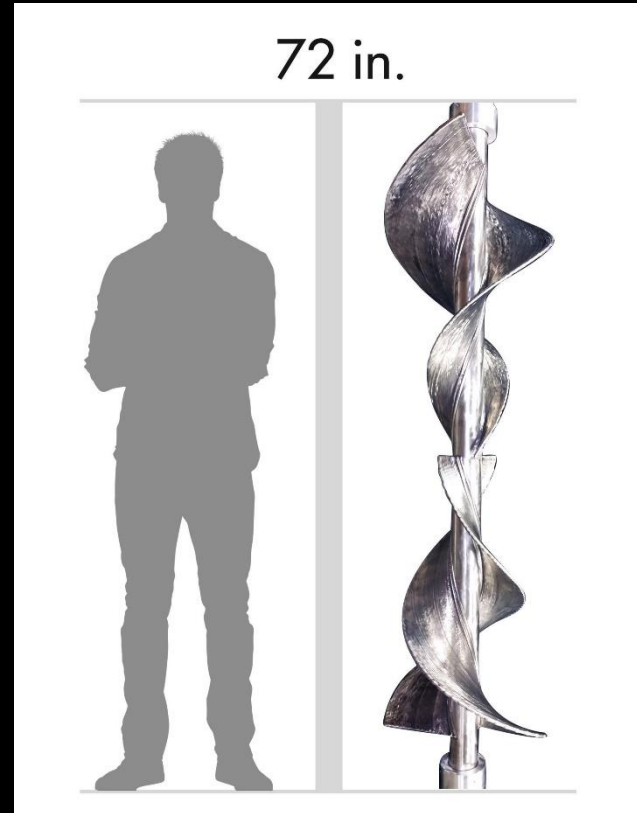


# Traditional Manufacturing\*

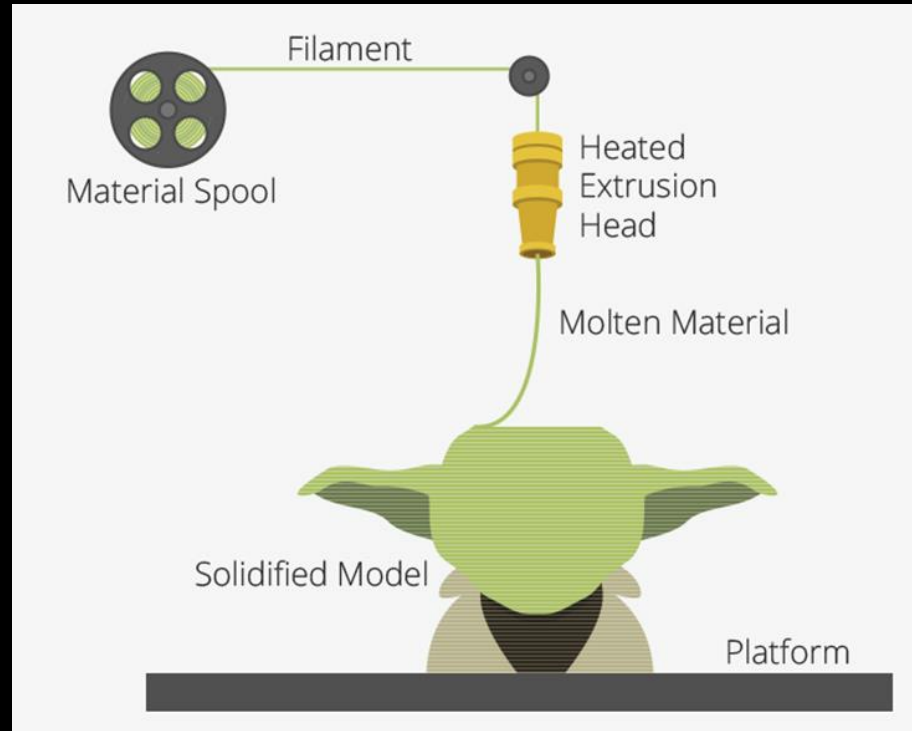




# Additive Manufacturing

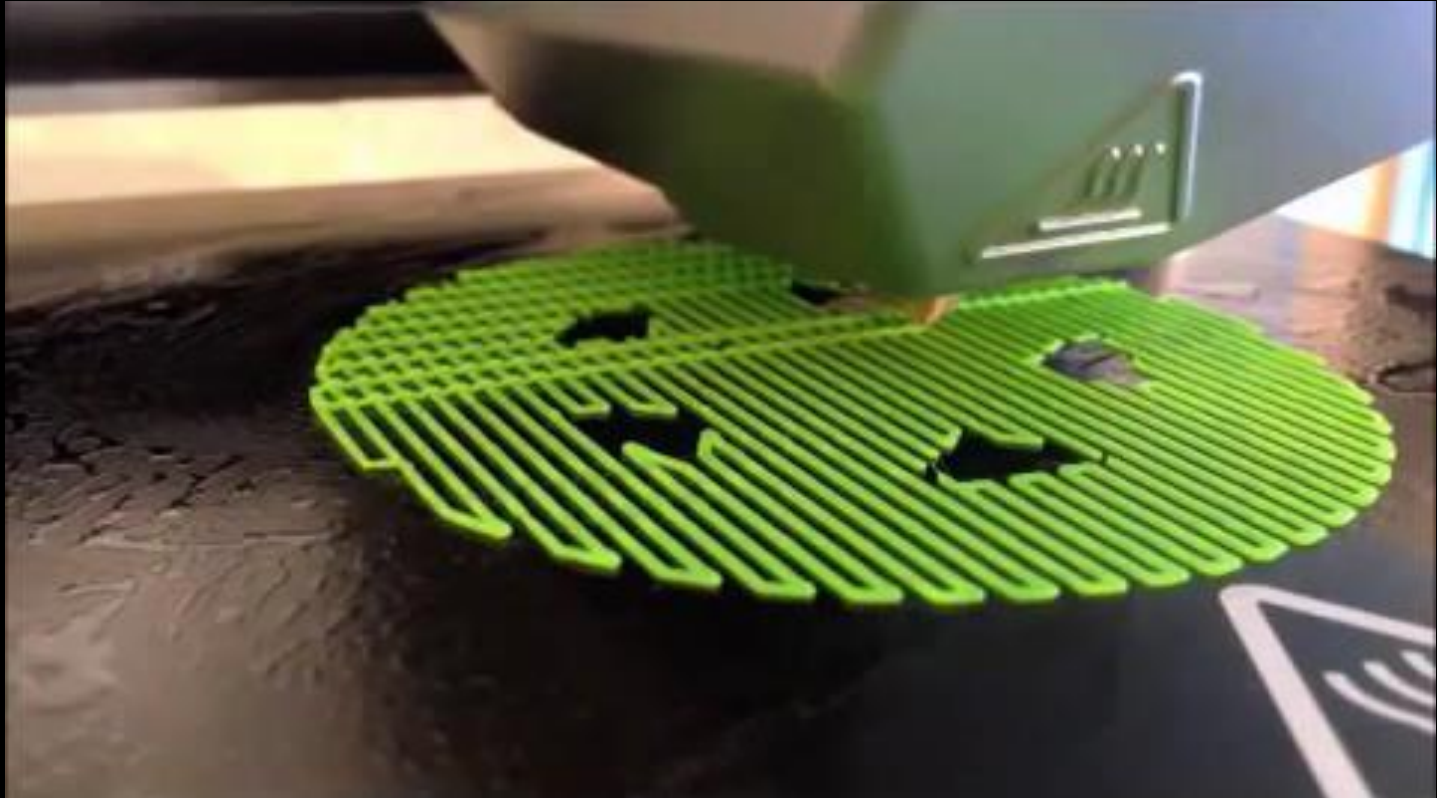


# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)/Fused Filament Fabrication(FFF)

# An Example



# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



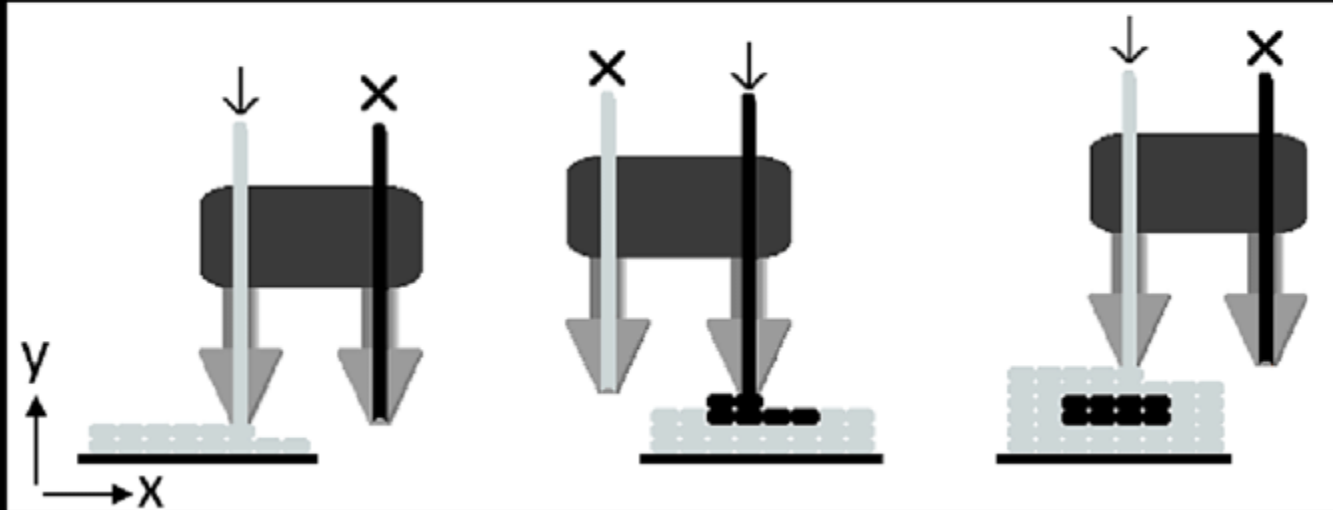
Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)/Fused Filament Fabrication(FFF)

# Multi-material FDM printing

First nozzle extrudes TPU. Second nozzle is parked.

Second nozzle extrudes TPU/MWCNT. First nozzle is parked.

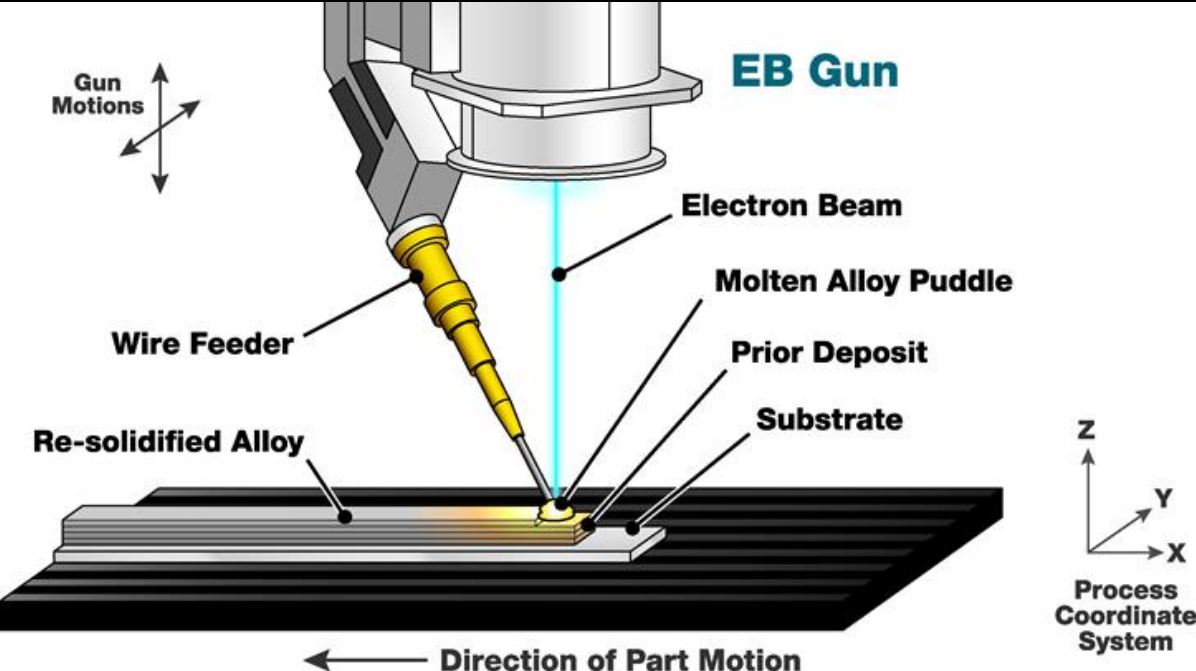
First nozzle extrudes TPU. Second nozzle is parked.



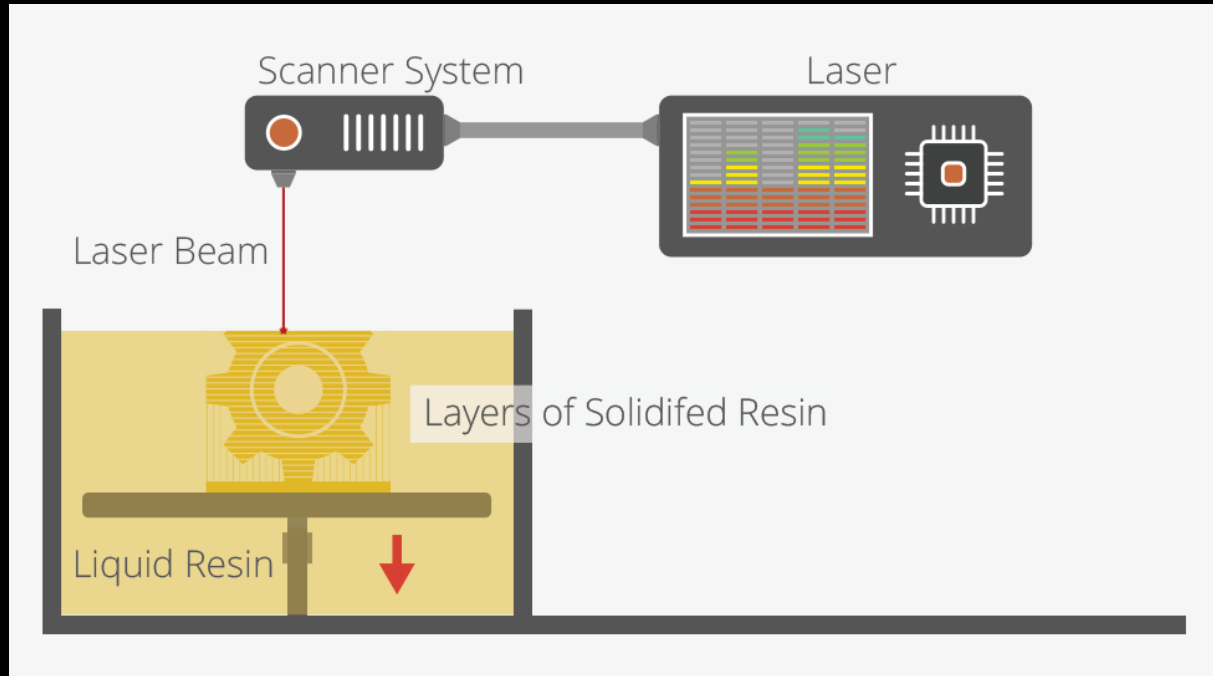
# Multi-material FDM printing



# Electron beam wirefeed additive manufacturing



# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Stereolithography (SLA)/Digital Light Processing (DLP)/ Photopolymer Phase Change Inkjets (PolyJet)



# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Stereolithography (SLA)/Digital Light Processing (DLP)/ Photopolymer Phase Change Inkjets (PolyJet)

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies

Stereolithography (SLA)/Digital Light Processing (DLP)/ Photopolymer Phase Change Inkjets (PolyJet)

# SLA/DLP printing – single material



# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies

Stereolithography (SLA)/Digital Light Processing (DLP)/ Photopolymer Phase Change Inkjets (PolyJet)

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Stereolithography (SLA)/Digital Light Processing (DLP)/ Photopolymer Phase Change Inkjets (PolyJet)

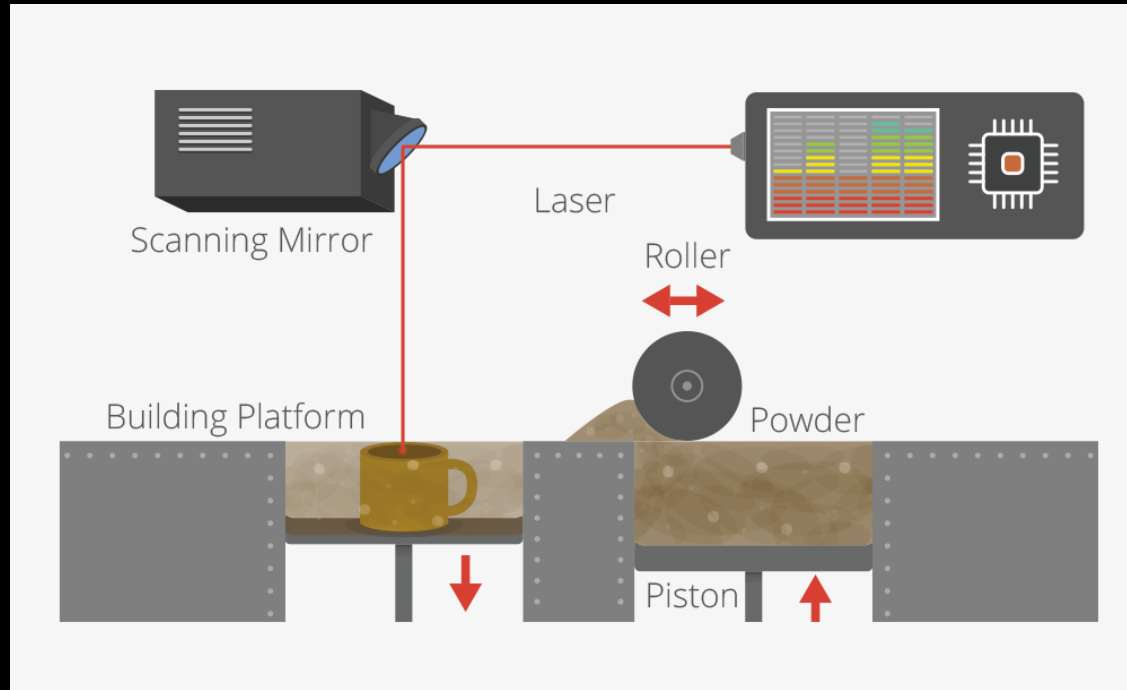
# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies

Basis for 3D Printing: reconfigurable matter

We've seen the options of melting thin strands of material into a desired shape, or selectively solidifying liquid resins via photopolymerization

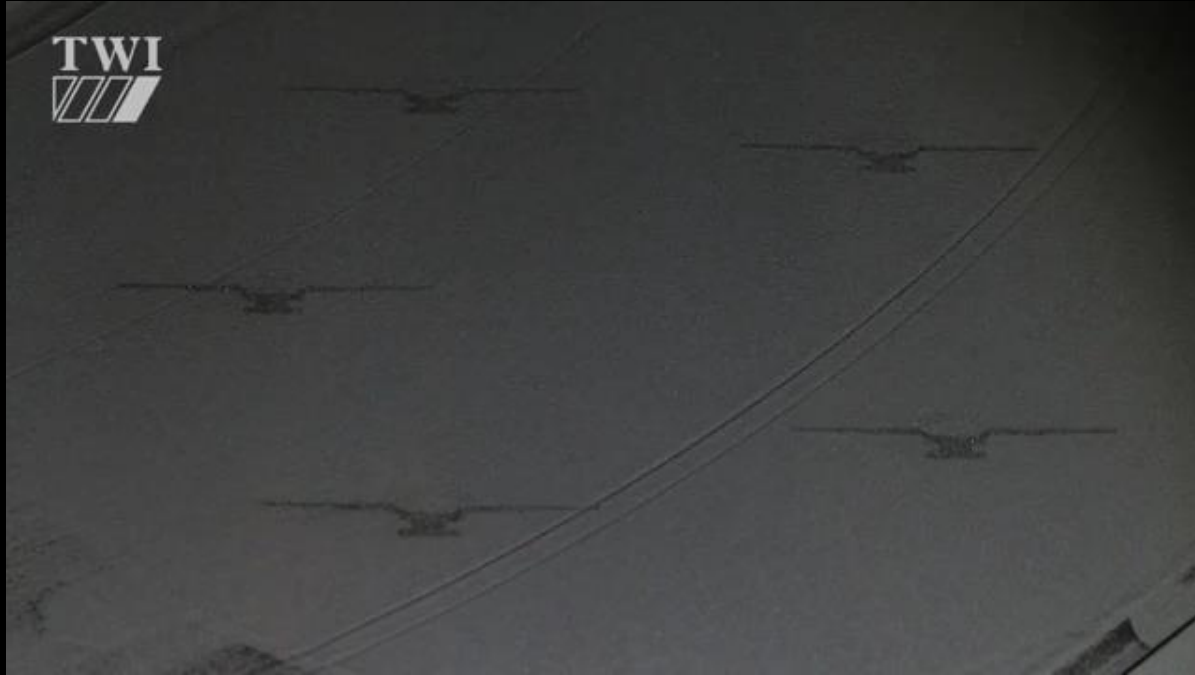
Other possibilities?

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) / Direct Metal Laser Sintering (DMLS)/Plaster-based 3D Printing (PP)

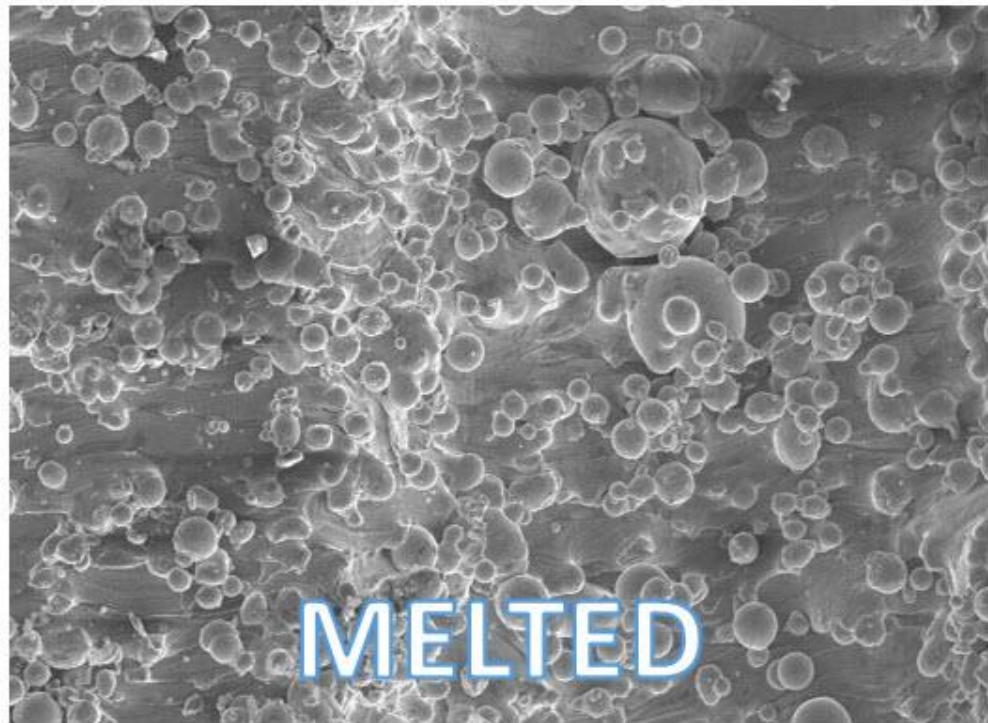
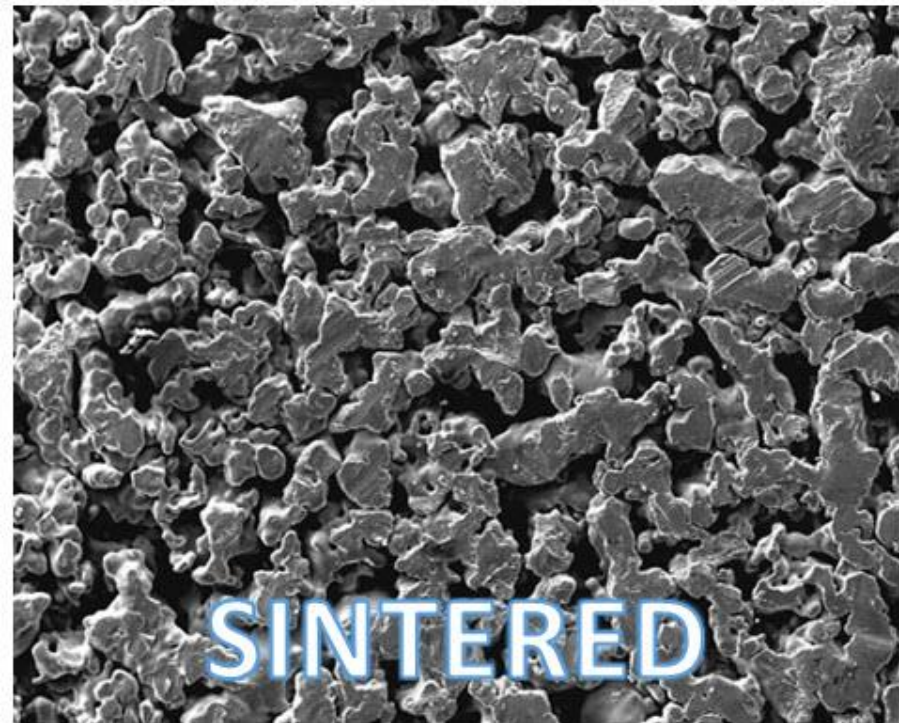
# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



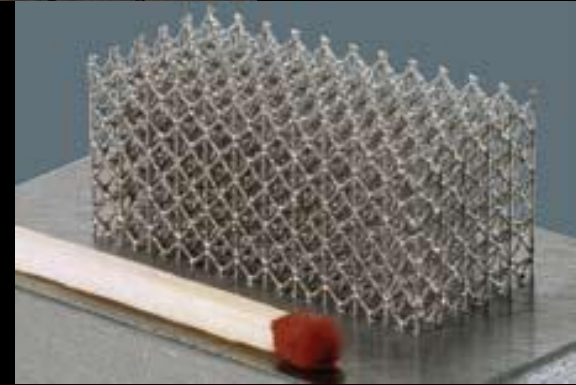
Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) / Direct Metal Laser Sintering (DMLS)/Plaster-based 3D Printing (PP)



# Sintering vs Melting

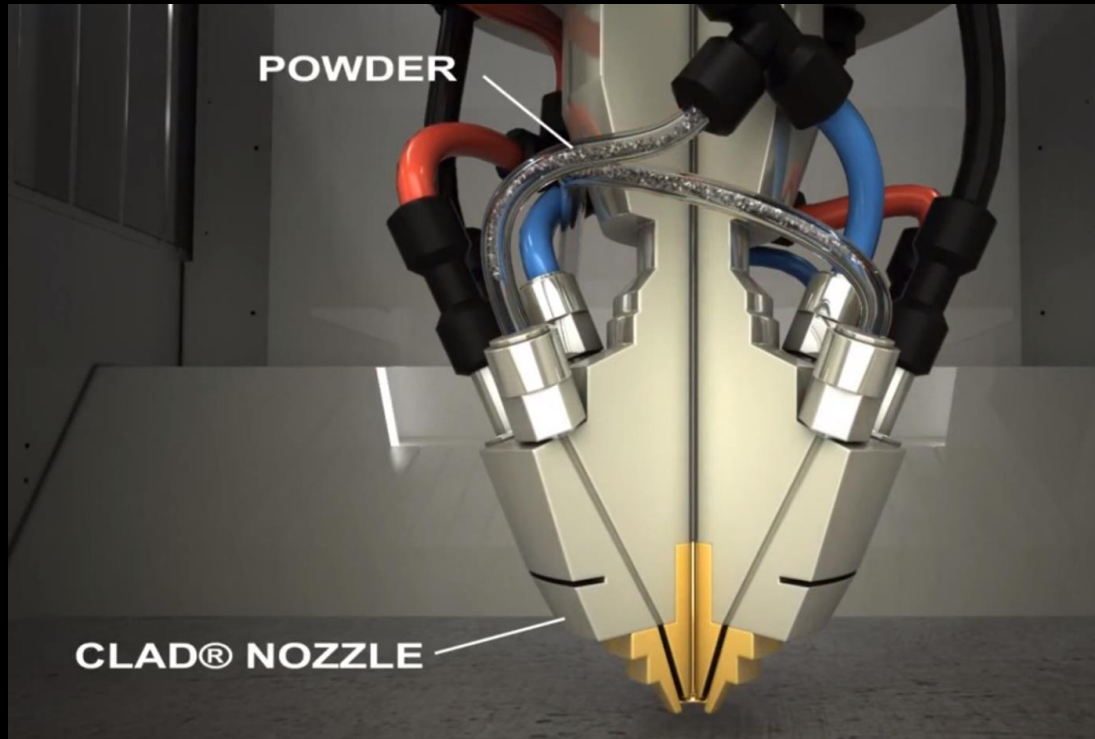


# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



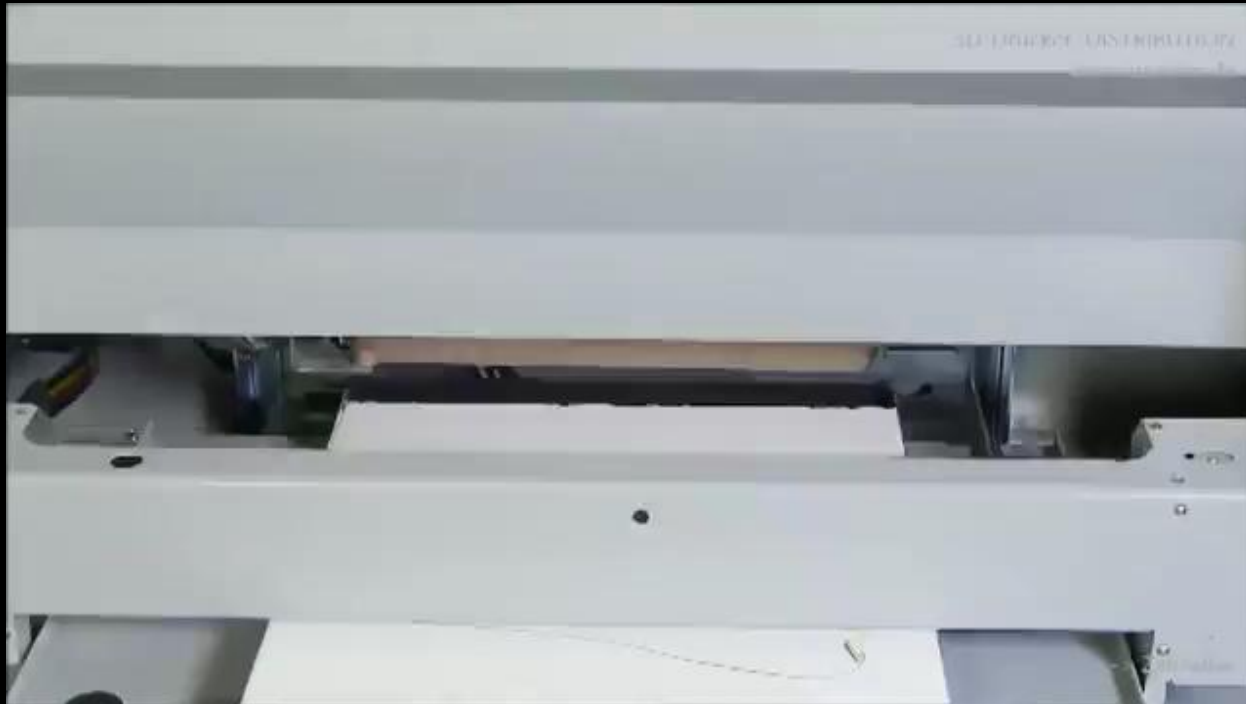
Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) / Direct Metal Laser Sintering (DMLS)/Plaster-based 3D Printing (PP)

# Multi-material capabilities?



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pjqysy1ySs>

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



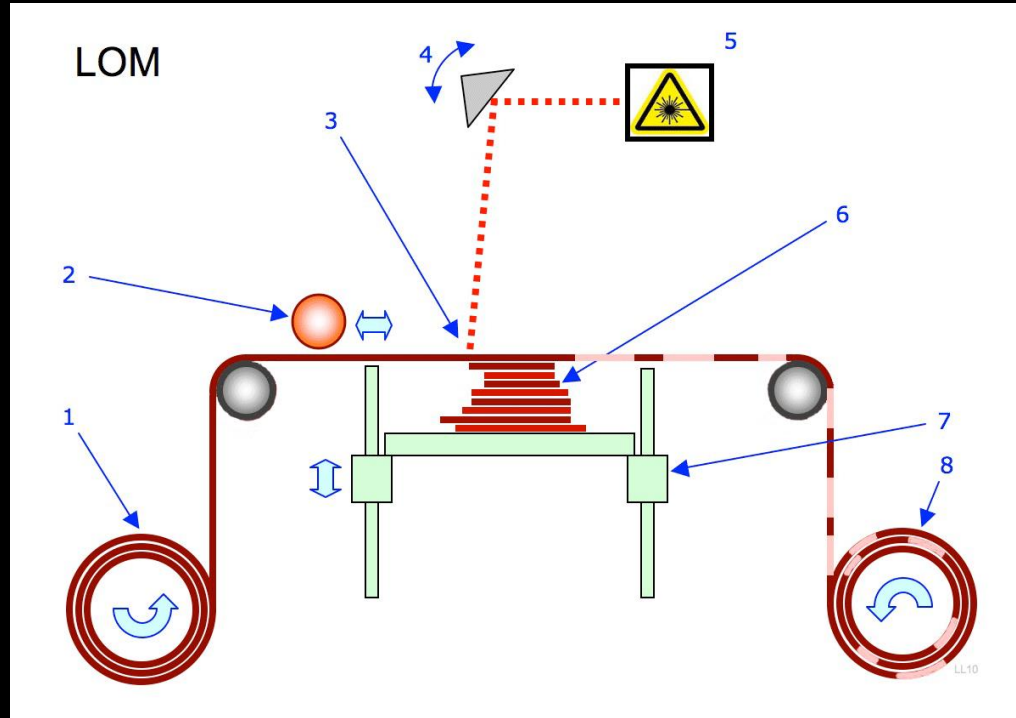
Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) / Direct Metal Laser Sintering (DMLS)/Plaster-based 3D Printing (PP)

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) / Direct Metal Laser Sintering (DMLS)/Plaster-based 3D Printing (PP)

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies



Laminated Object Manufacturing

# Overview of 3D Printing Technologies

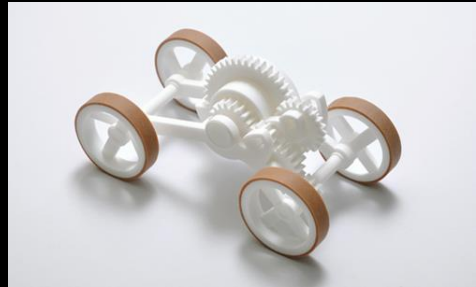


Laminated Object Manufacturing

And many, many other variations...



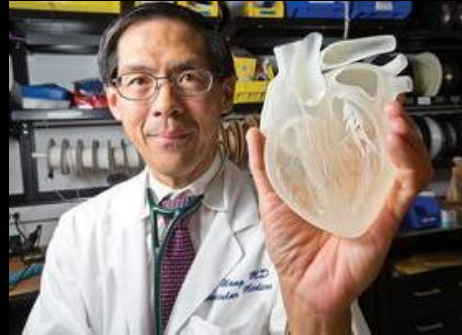
# 3D Printing: What is it good for?



Consumer Products



3D Selfies



Medical Applications



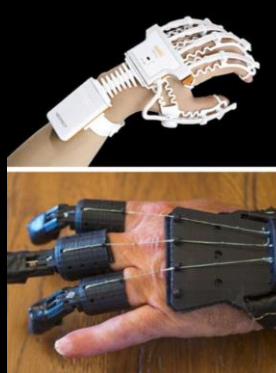
Architecture



Art



Robotics

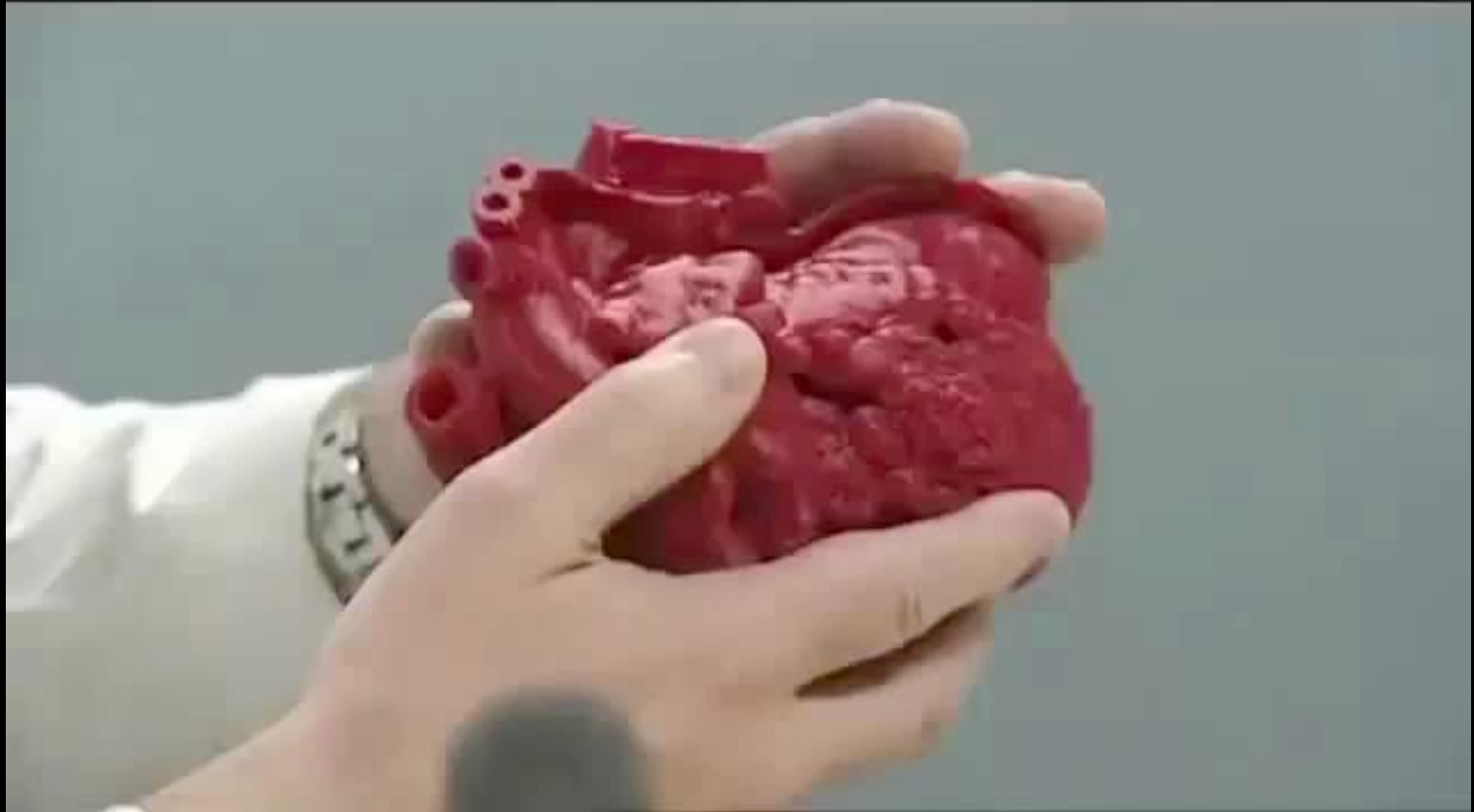


Prosthetics and wearables



Fashion

# 3D Printing: What is it good for?



# 3D Printing: What is it good for?



# 3D Printing: What is it good for?



3D SCAN

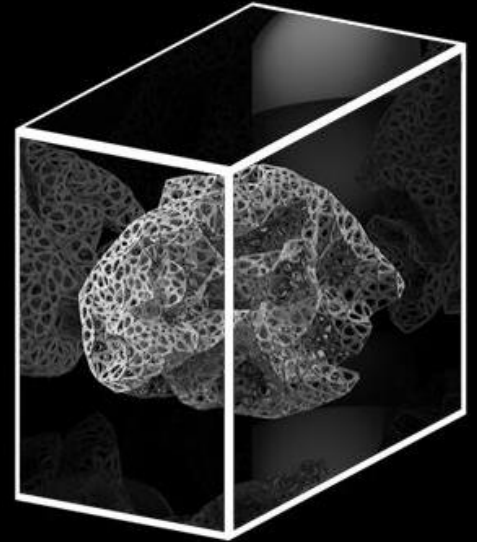


DRESS SHAPE



KINEMATICS STRUCTURE

COMPRESSED DRESS  
FITS IN 3D PRINTER BUILD VOLUME



# 3D Printing: What is it good for?



# 3D Printing: What is it good for?



But how can we navigate the vast  
space of design possibilities?

To be continued...